## Western Regional Laboratory Drug Chemistry Procedure Manual Effective Date: June 19,1997

### Name of Procedure:

Extractions and Separations Separation of Methamphetamine Hydrochloride and Dimethyl Sulfone

### Suggested Uses:

This procedure is used to separate methamphetamine and dimethyl sulfone in order to identify methamphetamine hydrochloride.

### Apparatus Needed to Perform Procedure Including Preparation of Reagent:

Fume hood Eye protection Gloves Laboratory coat Ethyl Ether Acetone Chloroform Methanol Small beaker Filter paper Steam bath or other heat source

### Application of Procedure on Evidence:

- 1. Place 10-20 milligrams of methamphetamine/dimethyl sulfone sample in a piece of filter paper over a small beaker.
- 2. Wash mixture with ethyl ether and discard used solvent.
- 3. Wash mixture with acetone and discard used solvent (unless infrared of dimethyl sulfone is desired.)
- 4. Wash mixture with chloroform and evaporate solvent over heat source, yielding the methamphetamine hydrochloride.

### Safety Concerns:

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Ethyl ether and acetone are extremely flammable solvents. Chloroform should be used in a well ventilated area or under a fume hood.

# Other:

Methamphetamine can be further purified using methanol and ethyl ether.

## Literature References:

Moriwaki, W. and Lee, M., "Analytical Note Dimethyl Sulfone in Methamphetamine Exhibits", <u>MICROGRAM</u>, Vol. XXIX, No. 3, March 1996, pp. 58-60.

**NOTE:** This article states that the methamphetamine is present in the acetone layer. Actually it is present in the chloroform layer.