Drug Chemistry Section
Drug Chemistry Procedure Manual
Effective Date: September 1, 1996

## Name of Procedure:

Preliminary Tests Secondary Amine Reagent #2

### **Suggested Uses:**

This is a color test used to distinguish methamphetamine from amphetamine. Methamphetamine and other secondary amines form blue-violet compounds with this reagent, while amphetamine and other primary amines yield a slow pink to cherry red color.

## **Apparatus Needed to Perform Procedure Including Preparation of Reagent:**

Fume hood
Gloves
Eye protection
Laboratory coat
Pipet with bulb
Graduated cylinder
Beakers
Glass stirring rod
Sodium nitroprusside
Acetaldehyde
Sodium carbonate
Funnel
Reagent bottles
Porcelain spot plate
Spatula

### Formula for Preparing Reagent:

Culture tubes (6 X 50mm)

### Reagent A:

- 1. Dissolve 1 gram of sodium nitroprusside in 100 milliliters of water.
- 2. To 90 milliliters of this solution, add 10 milliliters of acetaldehyde.
- 3. Pour solution into a reagent bottle.

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# Formula for Preparing Reagent (continued):

4. Properly label reagent bottle.

## Reagent B:

- 1. Dissolve 2 grams of sodium carbonate in 100 milliliters of water.
- 2. Pour solution into a reagent bottle.
- 3. Properly label reagent bottle.

### **Quality Control:**

A quality control check of this reagent will be performed using a known standard of methamphetamine and following the application procedure listed below.

## **Expiration Date of Chemical Reagent:**

Reagent A must be prepared monthly and refrigerated.

Reagent B has no expiration date. Reagent B needs to be properly contained in a sealed container and stored in a cool place.

### **Application of Procedure on Evidence:**

- 1. With a spatula, add a small amount of the suspected material to a culture tube or clean well on a spot plate.
- 2. Add 1 drop of Reagent A, then 2 drops of Reagent B.
- 3. Observe the color change.
- 4. Record results.

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# **Safety Concerns:**

Always wear eye protection, gloves and a laboratory coat when preparing this reagent.

Eye protection and a laboratory coat should be worn when using this reagent for color tests.

# **Literature References:**

Feigl, Fritz, Spot Tests in Organic Analysis, Elsevier Publishing Co., 1956, p. 260.